Status of Higgs searches

Higgs Physics at Future Colliders workshop 2004/2005

A.F.Żarnecki 27 X 2004

Precision (pseudo-)observables

$$\begin{array}{c} Z \text{ lineshape (5)} \quad M_{Z} \ \Gamma_{Z} \ \sigma_{h}^{0} \ \Gamma_{had} / \Gamma_{l} \ A_{FB}^{l} \\ \hline tau \text{ polarisation - } A_{e}(1) \\ \hline left-right asymm - A_{e}(1) \\ Z (b,c) \text{ properties (6)} \ R_{b}^{0} \ R_{c}^{0} \ A_{FB}^{b} \ A_{FB}^{c} \ A_{b} \ A_{c} \\ \hline sin^{2} \mathcal{G}_{eff}^{lept} \ (Q \ _{FB}^{had}) \ (1) \\ \hline W \text{ properties (2)} \ M_{W} \ \Gamma_{W} \\ \hline top \text{ quark mass (1)} \\ \end{array}$$

D)

92 94 E_{cm} [GeV]

(correlated) uncertainties



Standard Model parameters: M_Z , G_F , $\alpha(M_Z)$, $\alpha_S(M_Z)$ & M_t

plus 'unknown' $M_{\rm H}$

40th anniversary of Peter Higgs' papers



H top-quark mass 'predicted' by electroweak corrections prior to direct discovery eg LP 1995 Beijing does this work for the Higgs ? LEP + SLD + $p\bar{p}$ + vN Data

Preliminary

150

200

250

m. [GeV]

SM: TOPAZ0 and ZFITTER 6.40 Enew

 $sin^2\theta_{eff}$ fermion 2-loop: M_W full 2 (& leading 3)-loop



measurement of M_W , Γ_W and M_t (plus other electroweak quantities) Run 1 improved M_t measurement from D0 ~100 pb-1 Run 2 prelim M_t measurements from CDF & D0 from ~160 pb⁻¹ combinations (Run 1 only) by Tevatron Electroweak Working Group

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New world average (Run 1 only): $m_t = 178.0 \pm 2.7(stat) \pm 3.3(syst) \text{ GeV}$ $= 178.0 \pm 4.3 \text{ GeV}$

(previous $m_t = 174.3 \pm 5.1 \,\text{GeV}$)

top quark mass – Run 2 (prelim)





blueband' from uncertainties of 2 (& leading 3) herefore $M_W \& \sin^2 \theta_{eff}$ (main effect for m_H)

Awramik,Czakon,Freitas,Weiglein hep-ph/0311148,0407317 &refs therein Faisst,Kuhn,Seidensticker,Veretin N Phys B665,649(2003) + many more! Since Aachen EPS Summer 2003 new top mass increases m_H by ~20 GeV new 2-loop terms etc increase m_H by ~6 GeV

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pulls

Higgs mass from individual measurements



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m_t, m_w direct vs indirect



Consistency with the SM









The HZZ coupling limits 95 % CL limit on

 $\xi^2 = (g_{\rm HZZ}/g_{\rm HZZ}^{\rm SM})^2$

 $m_{\rm H} ({\rm GeV}/c^2)$

108

observed

expected $\pm 1\sigma$ bands

±2 or bands

100 110

Flavour blind searches: Higgs boson decays to down type fermions are suppressed; **BR(H->hadrons) = 100 %**





Two Higgs Doublet Models (2HDM)

Simplest extension of SM with 2 complex scalar field doublets, in total 5 physical scalar Higgses:

- CP even scalars: h, H
- CP odd scalar: A

 $\cos(\beta - \alpha)$

- Two charged scalars: H[±]

6 Free parameters: 2 angles, 4 masses

Two production processes:



$$\label{eq:star} \begin{array}{ccc} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

The type of 2HDM is determined by the couplings of the Higgs doublets to fermions:

- **Type I**: quarks and leptons only couple to the 2nd Higgs doublet
- **Type II:** 1st Higgs doublet couples only to down-type fermions, 2nd Higgs doublet couples only to up-type fermions

General 2HDM(II)

 $-\pi/2 \le \alpha \le \pi/2$

MSSM-like

 $-\pi/2 \le \alpha \le 0$



Fermiophobic Higgs searches:



Benchmark: HZ-SM production cross-section with all direct decays into fermions removed

LEP fermiophobic limit: 109.7 (109.4) GeV



LEP MSSM Exclusions at 95 % CL for the m_h -max benchmark scenario (m_t = 179.3 GeV)



LEP MSSM Exclusions at 95 % CL for the no-mixing benchmark scenario (m₁ = 179.3 GeV)



LEP MSSM Exclusions at 95 % CL for the large- μ benchmark scenario (m_t = 179.3 GeV)



LEP Exclusions at 95 % CL for the CPX scenario



SM Higgs Production at the Tevatron

 Though Higgs production could be quite copious, not all channels are accessible

gg→H

- Useful for M_H>140 GeV
- $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow ||_{VV}$
- Background: WW

W/Z+H

- M_H<140 GeV
- WH→Ivbb
- ZH→IIbb, ννbb
- Background: W+bb, Z+bb, top



WH Cross Section Limit (DØ)

For M_H=115 GeV Higgs σ**(WH)×BR(H→bb)̄<12.4 pb** (95% C.L.)



WH Searches (CDF)

- Using 162pb⁻¹ of data in muon and electron channels
- Event selection
 - lepton: p_T>20 GeV
 central region
 - Missing E_T: ∉_T>20 GeV
 - 2 Jets: $p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$

|η|<2.5

- Veto on
 - Additional high p_T track
 - 3rd and 4th jet



WH Searches (CDF)

- Single b-tag analysis
 - Secondary vertex tagging



Exclusive W + 2 jets
62 events (67±9 expected)



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WH Cross Section Limit (CDF)

Signal acceptance







H→WW (DØ)

- Search in 3 channels
 - ee, eµ, µµ
 - 147~177 pb⁻¹ of data
- Selection
 - 2 oppositely charged leptons
 - Large MET
 - Di-lepton mass or min(M_T(e), M_T(μ))
 - Scalar sum of lepton \textbf{p}_{T} and MET
 - Jet veto
 - $-\Delta \Phi_{\parallel}$
 - reduce Z, W+jets, tt-bar
- Cuts optimized for each mass point



H→WW (D0)



Limit set in each channel by countingCombine the likelihoods

 σ *BR(H \rightarrow WW) < 5.7pb For M_H=160 GeV



H→WW (CDF)

- Seach in 3 channels
 ee, eµ and µµ
- Selection
 - 2 isol. leptons p_T >20 GeV
 - Oppositely charged
 - MET > 25 GeV
 - Veto on jets $E_T > 15$, $|\eta| < 2.5$
 - $M_{\rm H} < M_{\rm H}/2$
- 8 events observed
 8.9±1.0 expected
- Limits are extracted by performing likelihood fit to the $\Delta \Phi_{\parallel}$ distribution



WW	Drell-Yan	Fakes
6.5 ± 0.8	1.3 ± 0.5	$\textbf{0.81} \pm \textbf{0.25}$

H→WW (CDF)

CDF Run II Preliminary



σ*BR(H→WW) < 5.6pb @ 95% CL For M_H=160 GeV

Outlook



- Need >2 fb⁻¹ per experiment to exclude M_H
- Working on further optimization
- Benchmark: WZ→Ivbb



- Excellent performance of the Tevatron
 - Met the design projection for this year
- Need to understand high luminosity environment

Higgs Search at Tevatron (Run1)

SM Higgs Search

- $Wh \rightarrow (l\nu, q\bar{q}')b\bar{b}$
- $Zh \rightarrow (l^+l^-, \nu\bar{\nu})b\bar{b}$
- set $\sigma_{Vh} \cdot B < 8$ pb at 95% CL



MSSM Higgs Search

- Due to enhancement of $b\bar{b}h/H/A \to b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ xsec at large $tan\beta$
- Selecting 3 b-jets from multi-jet sample
- set $tan\beta > 50$ at 95% CL for $m_A = 100$ GeV



No real sensitivity yet ...

Search for MSSM Higgs: $Ab\overline{b} \rightarrow b\overline{b}b\overline{b}$ (D0)



• $b\overline{b}(h/H/A)$ enhanced at large $tan\beta$

- Selecting events on multijet trigger (131 pb^{-1})
- Requiring 4 jets with 3 b-tags
- Invariant mass of the two highest b-tag jets and set a limit on $tan\beta$ vs m_A



- Standard Model Higgs not found (yet).
- Extensions to the Standard Model with more Higgs doublets predict Higgs bosons which can be lighter: in the MSSM, $m_{H^{\pm}} < m_W$ is barely possible.
- In particular, 2HDM (already introduced) predict two charged Higgs bosons: $\rm H^{\pm}.$
- The production cross-section in e^+e^- is a function of m_{H^\pm} and $\sqrt{s}.$
- The branching ratios are model dependent:
 - <u>Type II</u>: H⁺H⁻ \rightarrow cs̄c̄s, cs̄ $\tau^- \bar{\nu}_{\tau}$ and $\tau^+ \nu_{\tau} \tau^- \bar{\nu}_{\tau}$.
 - -<u>Type I</u>: for light A, decay $H^{\pm} \rightarrow W^*A$, final states $H^+H^- \rightarrow W^*AW^*A$ and $W^*A\tau\nu_{\tau}$.

<u>Note</u>: indirect limits from $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow H^+H^-)$ calculated in 2HDM and from Γ_Z^{fit} using LEP precision data: $m_{H^{\pm}} > 40 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% C.L.



- Charged Higgs bosons can be produced at LEP in $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^+H^-$. Production and decays of H^{\pm} very similar to that of W^{\pm} (main background). Different spin: the boson production angle plays a fundamental role.
- At $\sqrt{s} = 206 \text{ GeV}$, $\sigma \sim 0.28 0.17 \text{ pb}$ for $m_{H^{\pm}} \sim 70 80 \text{ GeV}$. Luminosity per experiment $\sim 650 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ above 189 GeV. Events expected: $\mathcal{O}(100)$ signal and $\mathcal{O}(1000)$ background.

• Final state topologies:

- <u>Type II</u>: 4-jet events in cs̄cs
 2 jets, τ-jet and ≇ in cs̄τ⁻ν̄_τ
 2 τ-jets and ≇ in τ⁺ν_ττ⁻ν̄_τ.
 <u>Type I</u>: W*AW*A and W*Aτν_τ, jets, b-tag, τ-jets and ₽.
- The analysis are mostly likelihood- and multidimensional-NN-based. Typical efficiencies $\sim 30-60\%$, depending on the channel.



Distributions used for the analysis, different experiments and channels:







<u>Mass resolution</u>: 1.5 GeV $c\bar{s}\bar{c}s$, 2-4 GeV $c\bar{s}\tau^-\bar{\nu}_{\tau}$

Good agreement data/expectations (w/o signal), both in the number of events and in the shape of the distributions.



The L3 anomaly at 68 GeV persists only in the 4-jet channel and with reduced significance: statistical fluctuation of the background (2.5σ) .



Exclusion contours (95% C.L.) in the $m_{H^{\pm}} - m_A$ and $m_{H^{\pm}} - \tan\beta$ planes:



- Limits for Type I: $m_{H^{\pm}} > 76.7 \text{ GeV} (77.1)$ for any $\tan\beta$ and $m_A > 12 \text{ GeV}$.
- Log likelihood method used for the statistical analysis.
- Systematic errors included: detector, cuts, normalisation of background and signal.

Exclusion limits on ${ m m}_{ m H^{\pm}}$ vs. ${ m Br}({ m H^{\pm}} ightarrow au u)$





Lower limits at 95% CL (GeV):

	observed	expected
ALEPH	79.3	77.1
DELPHI	74.4	76.3
OPAL	75.5	74.5
L3	76.5	75.6

Systematic errors included: limits reduced by 200-600 MeV, depending on the channel.

LEP combined results



Exclusion contours (95% C.L.) in the $m_{H^{\pm}} - Br(H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau \nu)$ plane (old from 2001):



- No new combined results (manpower problems): L3 was 'late', OPAL not yet final.
- Results (95% CL limits) NOT expected to change significantly: $m_{H^{\pm}} > 78.6 \text{ GeV} (78.8)$
- Significant improvement in CL_b , specially due to the L3 change.