

Particles and the Universe

Examples of exam questions for academic year 2014/15

Questions for lecture 1

- When was the first elementary particle discovered? What particle was it?
- How did Einstein explain the photoelectric effect?
- What was the idea of the Compton experiment?
- How was the natural radioactivity discovered?
- What particles are emitted in three types of natural radioactivity?
- What was the idea of the Rutherford experiment?
- How were cosmic rays discovered?
- What particles constitute most of the primary cosmic rays?
- What particles constitute most of the secondary cosmic rays at Earth surface?
- When was the proton discovered, when a positron?
- Name three particles discovered in the cosmic rays?

Questions for lecture 2

- Who introduced energy quanta to physics and what for?
- What did Einstein receive the Nobel Prize for?
- What did De Broglie postulate?
- What does Pauli exclusion principle say?
- What did Einstein assume about the speed of light?
- How was existence of antimatter predicted?
- Who formulated the first theory of weak interactions?
- When were quarks introduced to particle physics and why?

Questions for lecture 3

- What interactions are important at macro scales? And at micro scales?
- How do we explain different ranges of electromagnetic and weak interactions?
- Compare the strength of gravitational and electrostatic interactions of two protons.
- How many elementary particles do we know today? How many fundamental particles?
- What is the difference between the fundamental and the elementary particle?
- What is the mass of the proton (in energy units)?
- What is the lightest particle of matter?
- Who introduces a concept of neutrino and why?
- What are the two most stable elementary particles?
- What fundamental particles are needed to explain the structure of "ordinary" matter?
- Is muon decay fast or slow?
- What is the resonant production?
- Is the quark d heavier than the quark u?
- When were strange particles discovered?
- What is strange in strange particles?
- What is the strangeness of J/ψ particles?
- When was b quark discovered?
- How many times is b quark heavier than the proton?
- What are hadrons?

- Meson baryon number is equal to?
- What is the muon number of tau antineutrino?
- Write one crossed reaction to the neutron beta decay.

Questions for lecture 4

- What field can be used to accelerate charged particles?
- What are the sources of high energy cosmic rays?
- What energies can be obtained in electrostatic accelerators?
- How do linear accelerators work?
- Who built the first cyclotron?
- What elements are used to build a circular accelerators?
- Why is beam focusing important for accelerator performance?
- Why do most high energy accelerators work in collider mode?
- What is the maximum beam energy at LHC? What particles are accelerated?
- What limits the energy we can obtain at the LHC (pp collider)?
- Why can't we built a circular e^+e^- collider with energy in TeV range?

Questions for lecture 5

- Is it possible to observe a particles which do not interact?
- What are the three physical phenomena used for particle detection?
- What is the process of ionization?
- How is a Geiger-Muller counter built? How does it work?
- Why is charge multiplication crucial in gas detectors, how is it obtained?
- Can a digital camera be used to detect particles?
- What is scintillation? How can we measure it?
- What is the condition for Cherenkov radiation by charged particle?
- What is measured in the calorimeter?
- What happens to the particle measured in the calorimeter?
- Name at least three parts of the universal detector at particle colliders.
- What detector is placed closest to the beam interaction point?
- How can we measure momentum of the charged particle in the tracking detector?
- How are quarks observed in collider experiments?
- How electrons are identified in the universal detector at particle collider (eg. LHC)?
- How muons are identified in the universal detector at particle collider (eg. LHC)?
- How do we know that a neutrino was produced in a high energy collision?
- Why do we need a trigger system at LHC?
- How many collisions are observed at LHC per second? How many can we reconstruct and store?

Questions for lecture 6

- How many different spin states has massive particle with spin s ?
- Does exist an elementary particle with spin $7/2$?
- Does exist a right neutrino in the Standard Model ?
- How many fundamental particles with spin $3/2$ do exist?
- What is a difference between fermion and boson?
- Spin of boson Z is equal to ..?

- t quark is in doublet with what type of quark ?
- Write antileptons of the 2nd family.
- Write the beta decay at the fundamental level?
- What is electric charge of the photon?
- Write all intermediate gauge bosons (together with antibosons) of electromagnetic and weak interactions.
- When the first unification theory has been formulated?
- In what kind of collision boson Z has been discovered?
- How many Z bosons have been produced at the LEP collider?
- What is mass and half width of Z boson?
- What is the lifetime of Z boson?
- How do we know that there are only 3 generations of light neutrinos?
- What is the value of the weak coupling at low energies.
- The Fermi coupling is equal to ?
- Are weak interactions weak due to large mass of W ?
- Does the Sun shine so long due to strong or weak interactions?
- How much energy is emitted in one proton cycle in the Sun?
- At what energy electromagnetic and weak interactions have similar strength?

Questions for lecture 7

- Is the range of weak forces larger or smaller than the range of strong interactions?
- Which particles interact due to nuclear forces, which particles due to the color forces .
- Is gravitation important in the microworld for low energies?
- What is the value of the Planck length? What is value of the Planck mass?
- Write 3 elementary acts of interactions between particles from the first family.
- What is the value of subtle coupling constant for momentum $p \rightarrow 0$?, and for momentum $p = 100 \text{ GeV}/c$?
- Do two electrons interact stronger or weaker for larger energies (momenta)?
- What is value of strong coupling constant for momentum (energy) about 1 GeV? For which momentum α_s is equal to 1/10?
- When quarks are more free: for low or large energies?
- Write two processes obtained by crossing of the scattering process $u d \rightarrow u d$.
- To what quarks does the green-antired gluon decay ?
- What is the reason of a running of coupling constants? Why the subtle coupling constant is growing while the strong coupling constant decreases with a grow of energy?

Questions for lecture 8

- Give two examples of continuous transformations.
- Does a global symmetry is a consequence of a local one, or vice versa?
- Is a local symmetry the same as a gauge symmetry?
- Does the symmetry dictate the dynamics?
- Noether theorem describes ...?
- Does the gauge principle apply only to the Standard Model?
- Give two examples of spontaneously symmetry breaking.
- How many spin (polarisation) states has the massive Z boson ?
- Does a right electron participate in the weak interaction ?
- What is mass and spin of Higgs particle.

- Is Higgs particle interaction stronger with more massive particle?
- Do Higgs particles interact with themselves?
- For what Y. Nambu got Noble prize?
- What is a Sacharow postulate?

Questions for lecture 9

- Does a fact of a particle decay depend on the reference frame?
- Do terms "a free particle" and "a particle on the mass shell" mean the same?
- Why can't a free positron emit a photon and remain on the mass shell?
- What does "a virtual particle" mean?
- Does QED have infinite expressions at intermediate stages of calculation?
- Compare the one- and two-loop QED corrections for the anomalous magnetic moments for muon.
- What is a precision we know (in 2013) the anomalous magnetic moment for a muon (experiment minus theory (SM))?
- When is the theory renormalizable?
- Proper high energy behaviour of the probability of EW processes demands an existence of spin 0 particle. How such a particle couples to the gauge boson Z?
- Was the Higgs boson discovered?

Questions for lecture 10

- Existence of what particles was predicted by the Weinberg-Salam model (1968)?
- When and where were the W^\pm and Z^0 bosons discovered?
- How were the first Z^0 bosons observed at CERN SPS?
- At which accelerator were the Z^0 boson production and properties studied with highest precision?
- For which SM process cancellation of divergencies was confirmed at LEP?
- Why were precise measurements at LEP sensitive to top and Higgs boson masses?
- Where and when was the top quark discovered?
- What is the mass of the top quark? How well do we know it today?
- Which decay channels of the Higgs boson were used for its discovery?
- What is the mass of the Higgs boson?
- How can we verify if the particle discovered at CERN is the predicted SM Higgs boson?

Questions for lecture 11

- Does Cabibbo angle describe mixing between d and s quarks or between u and d quarks?
- Value of Cabibbo angle is equal to?
- Write a coupling of the c quark to d quark assuming mixing between two lighter families only. What is its sign?
- What describes the Cabibbo-Kobayashi-Maskawa matrix?
- Do we observe a mixing between b and d quarks?
- How many parameters has the Cabibbo-Kobayashi-Maskawa matrix?
- Did N. Cabibbo got Noble prize in 2008?
- Is a transition of the u quark to c quark: $u \rightarrow c Z$ possible?
- How one can determine the Cabibbo angle?
- Does the Weinberg angle describe quark mixing?

- Do we have FCNC?
- Is the probability of transition $c \rightarrow s W^+$ equal to probability of transition $\nu \rightarrow e^- W^+$?
- Does photon couple to neutrinos?
- Name two sources of neutrinos studied in experiments nowadays.
- What is the probability that neutrino produced in Sun passes through the Earth without any interaction?
- What is the maximum energy of neutrinos produced in Sun?
- How are neutrinos detected in Super-Kamiokande experiment?
- How were solar neutrinos identified in Super-Kamiokande experiment?
- What results of the Super-Kamiokande experiment pointed to neutrino oscillations?
- What does it mean that neutrinos oscillate?

Questions for lecture 12

- Write 3 problems of the SM .
- What is a meaning of GUT?
- GUT – is this a common (unified) description of all fundamental interaction including gravity?
- What is energy scale of GUT?
- Has supersymmetry been discovered ?
- How many Higgs particles is predicted in the MSSM?
- Is life time of the proton predicted in the SU(5) in agreement with experiment?
- Is the baryonic number conserved in SU(5) ?
- Do exist models with more than 4 space-time dimensions?
- What is main idea of superstring theory?
- Does the superstring theory include gravity?
- What is the parameter of the superstring theory existing also in the hadronic interactions?

Questions for lecture 13

- What information can be obtained from the measured shift in the spectral lines of distant objects?
- Who was the first to notice that the escape velocity of galaxies increases with distance?
- Formulate the Hubble's Law
- What are the cosmological scales?
- How does the Universe look like according to the cosmological principle?
- How did the Big Bang started?
- What particles filled the Universe just after the Big Bang?
- How long, after the Big Bang, were the nuclei formed?
- How many years after the Big Bang were the atoms formed?
- What is the critical density of the Universe?
- What would the future of the Universe be, if its average density is higher than the critical density?
- What is the density of baryonic matter in the Universe?
- How do we know there is Dark Matter in the Universe?
- Why does Dark Matter need to be "cold"?
- How does Dark Matter interact?

Questions for lecture 14

- How does matter in the Universe influence propagation of light?
- When do we observe strong gravitational lensing?
- What do we observe in case of weak gravitational lensing?:
- How can atoms in an interstellar space be observed?
- What was the Universe made of after nuclei and electrons joined?
- When was the cosmic microwave background created?
- What is the current temperature of the cosmic microwave background ?
- What can we learn from the measured angular scales of the CMB temperature fluctuations ?
- What is the total matter+energy density of the Universe?
- What is the age of the Universe?