

Sensitivity to new physics scenarios in invisible Higgs boson decays at CLIC

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Work carried out in the framework of the CLICdp collaboration

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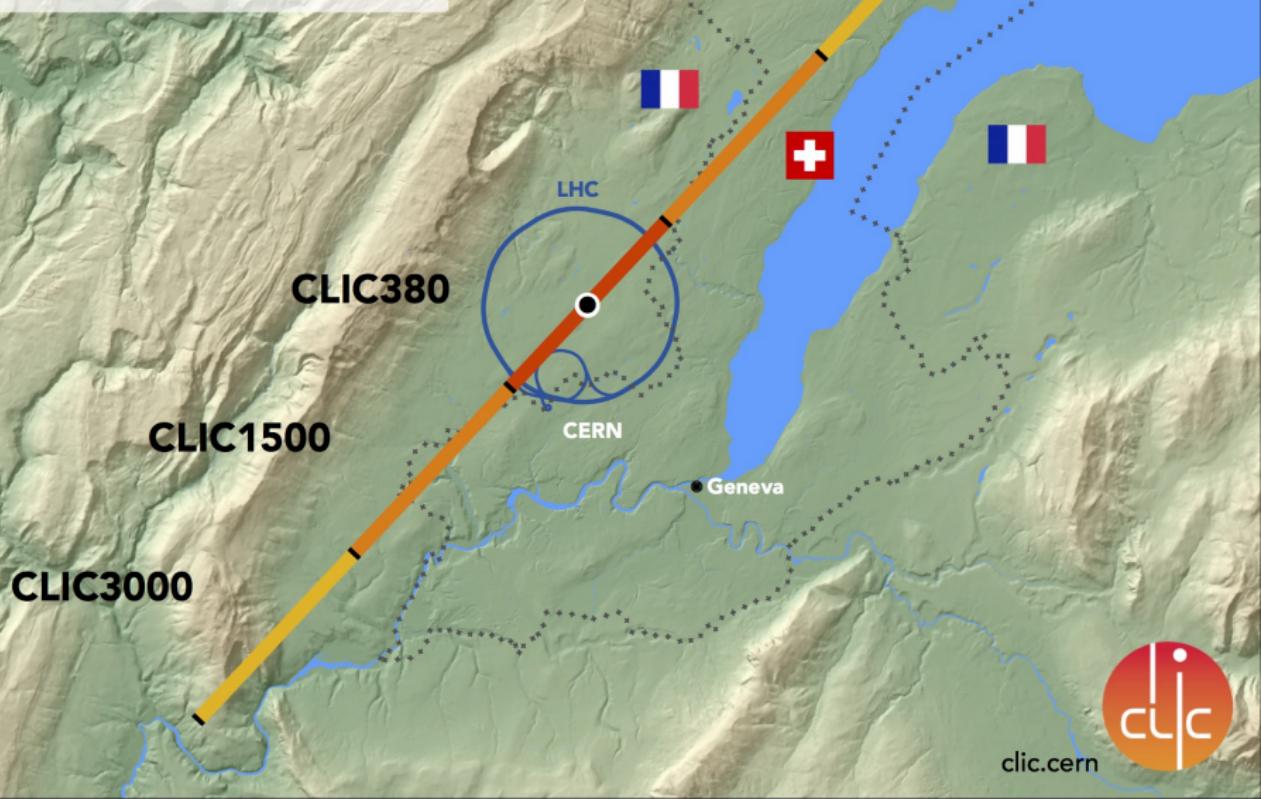


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*International Workshop on Future Linear Colliders
LCWS 2019*

Compact Linear Collider (CLIC)

- 380 GeV - 11.4 km (CLIC380)
- 1.5 TeV - 29.0 km (CLIC1500)
- 3.0 TeV - 50.1 km (CLIC3000)

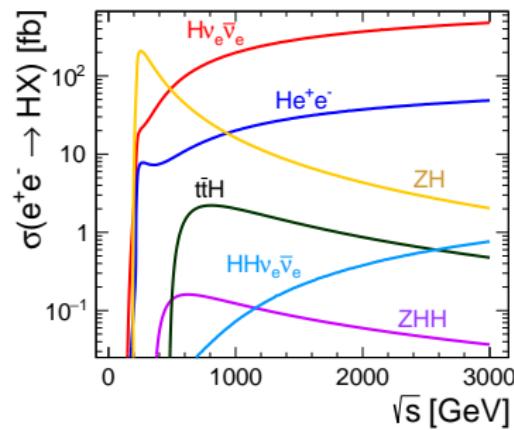
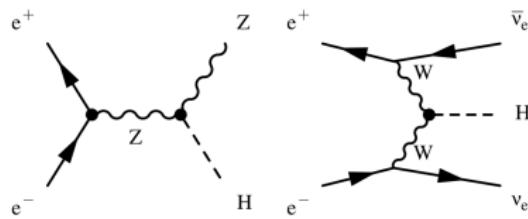


Compact Linear Collider (CLIC)

First stage @ 380 GeV

⇒ focus on studying Higgs boson and top-quark properties

Higgs production

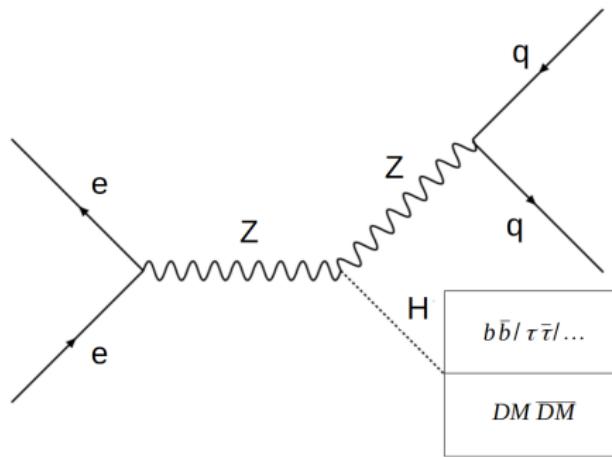


Higgs couplings to SM particles tested at % level

What about couplings (decays) to BSM states?

Signal

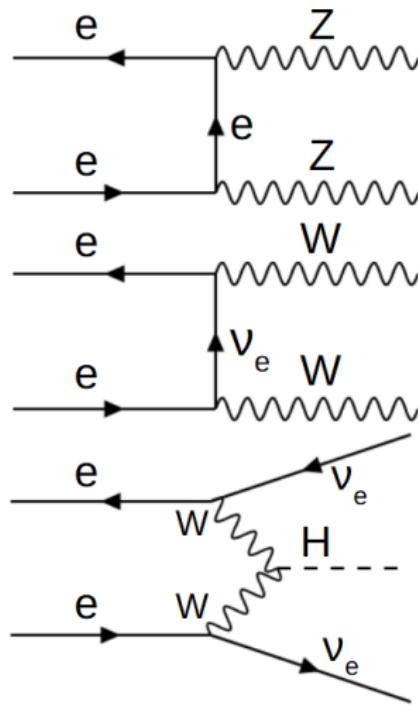
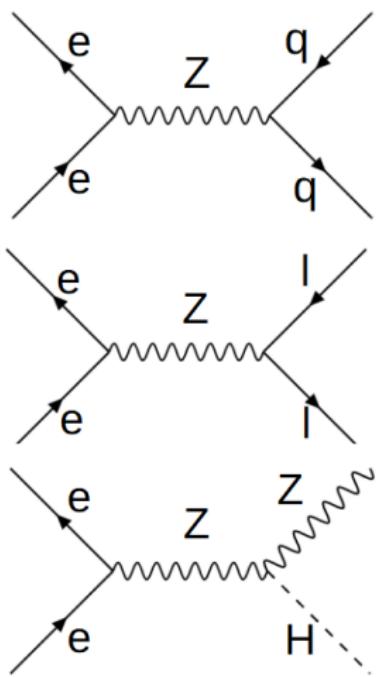
SM(-like) Higgs boson decay to invisible states (Dark Matter ?)



Signature of invisible Higgs decay:

- two jets consistent with hadronic Z decay higher statistics
- missing energy-momentum consistent with production of invisible massive state of 125 GeV

Background processes considered



Simulation framework

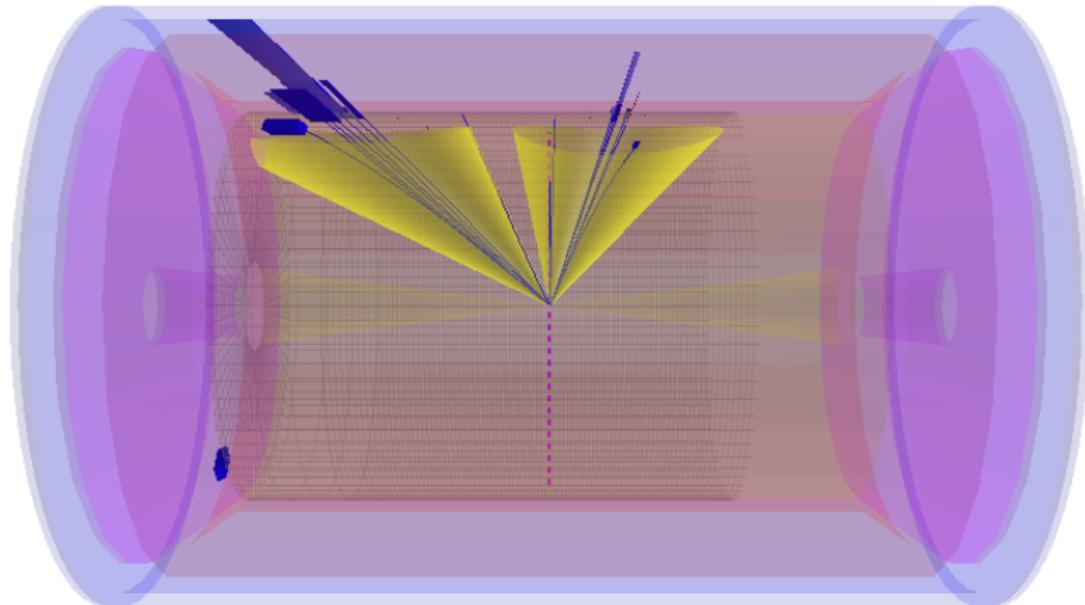
- event samples generated with WHIZARD 2.7.0
 - Non-Higgs background: qq , ll , $qqqq$, $qql\bar{l}$, $qql\nu$, $qq\nu\nu$
 - SM Higgs boson production: $H + qq$, $H + ll$, $H + \nu\nu$
(with 100% SM decays)
 - Signal: $H + qq$ production with Higgs defined as stable
- CLIC energy spectra for **380** GeV
- CLIC integrated luminosity of **1000** fb^{-1} (unpolarised)
- detector simulation and event reconstruction with DELPHES, using modified¹ *CLICdet_Stage1* cards

Two jets reconstructed with VLC algorithm ($R = 1.5$, $\beta = \gamma = 1$)

¹required to make Higgs invisible in the detector

Signature of $e^+e^- \rightarrow HZ \rightarrow jj + inv$

Two-jet events without electrons, muons, or isolated photons...



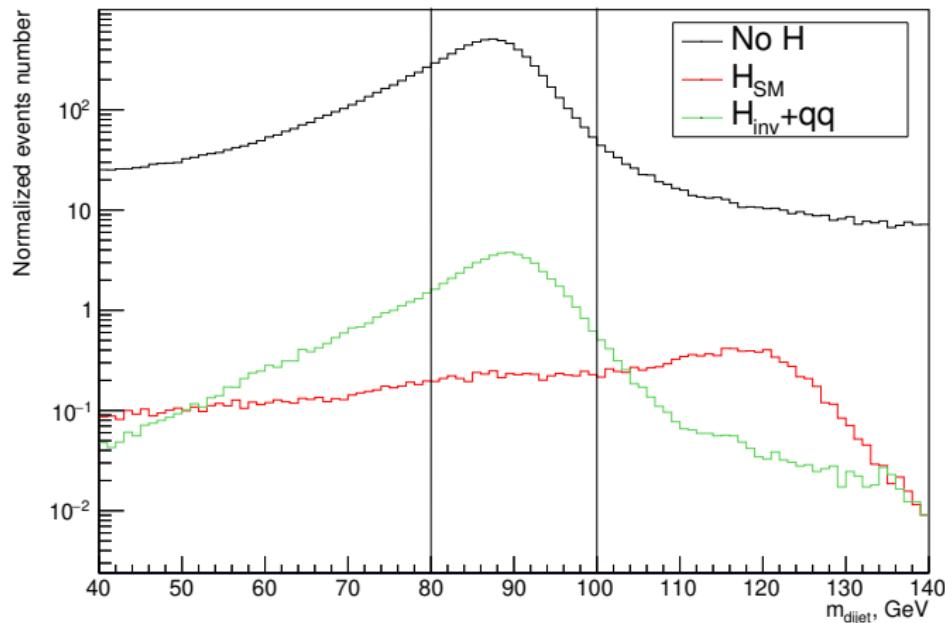
Preselection

Preselection cuts were used to select events with proper signature and kinematics consistent with invisible Higgs boson decay:

- Remove events with isolated electrons, muons or photons with energy above 2 GeV, 3 GeV and 5 GeV respectively
- Energy “lost” in jet clustering below 10 GeV
- Two-jet topology: $y_{23} < 0.01$ and $y_{34} < 0.001$
- Jet invariant mass: $80 < M_{jj} < 100$ GeV (Z mass)
- Dijet emission angle: $|\cos \Theta_{jj}| < 0.8$ (Z direction)

Preselection cut example

Di-jet invariant mass distribution with preselection cut indicated



Preselection

Efficiency of preselections cuts

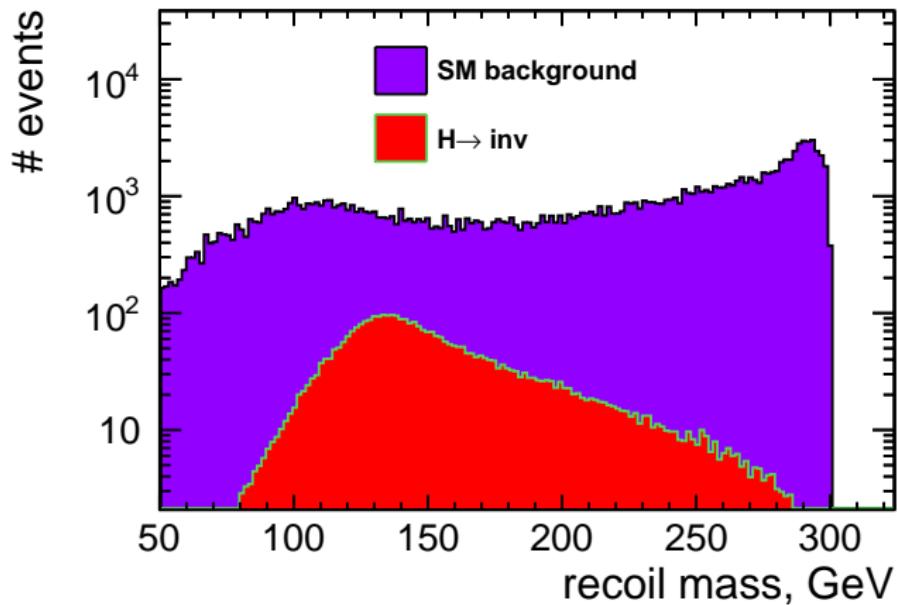
<i>Event class</i>	<i>Efficiency</i>
Non-higgs background	0.37%
including $qq\nu\nu$	23%
$qql\nu$	0.68%
qq	0.087%
SM Higgs decays	1.70%
including $H + \nu\nu$	4.60%
$H + qq$ invisible decays	47.0%

Preselection

Recoil mass distribution after preselection cuts

For 1000 fb^{-1} collected at 380 GeV

assuming $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \text{inv}) = 10\%$

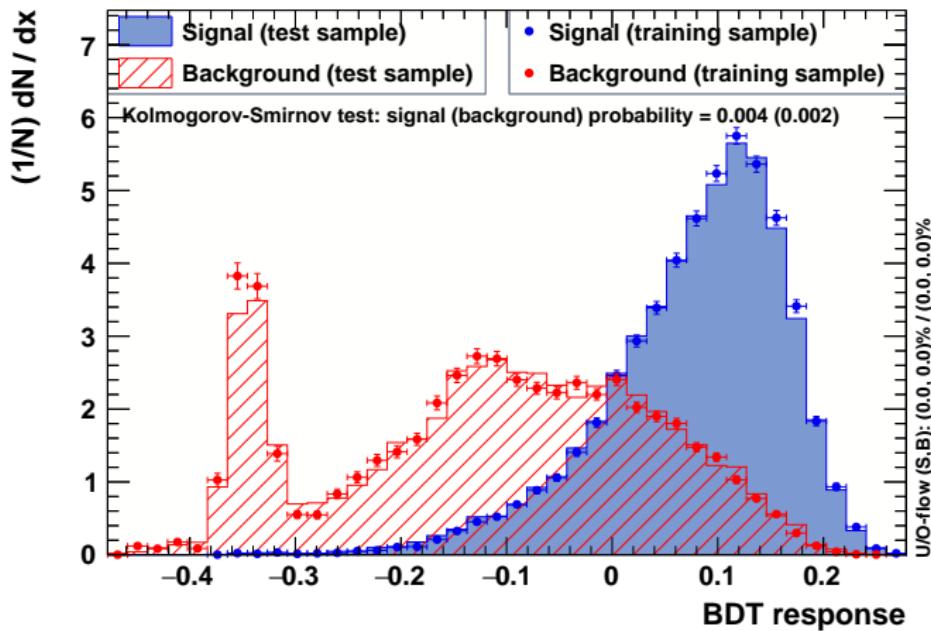


Selection

Final event selection based on the multivariate analysis.
Variables used as input for Boosted Decision Tree (BDT):

- ① α_{jj} – angle between two jets in LAB frame
- ② m_{jj} – dijet invariant mass
- ③ m^{miss} – missing mass
- ④ E_{jj} – dijet energy
- ⑤ p_t^{miss} – missing transverse momentum

Selection



Highest significance for invisible Higgs decays for BDT cut ~ 0.06

Results

95% C.L. limit expected for 1000 fb^{-1} collected at 380 GeV:

$$BR(H \rightarrow \text{inv}) < 0.86\%$$

Assuming **no excess** above predicted SM background is observed
CLICdp preliminary

Result consistent with the old study:

$BR(H \rightarrow \text{inv}) < 0.94\%$ expected for 500 fb^{-1} collected at 350 GeV
M. A. Thomson, The European Physical Journal C, 76(2):72

Interpretation

In Higgs-portal models, new scalars fields ϕ coupling to dark matter particles can mix with the SM Higgs field h resulting in two mass eigenstates:

$$\begin{pmatrix} h_1 \\ h_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha & \sin \alpha \\ -\sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} h \\ \phi \end{pmatrix}$$

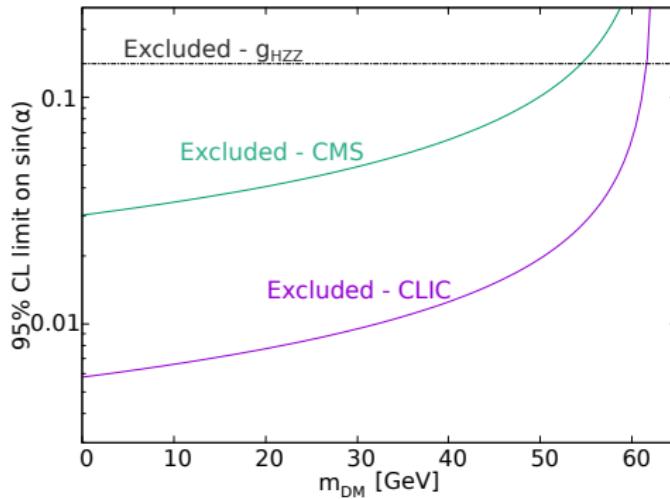
If $\alpha \ll 1$, h_1 is SM-like (the observed 125 GeV state), but it can also decay invisibly via ϕ component ($\text{BR} \sim \sin^2 \alpha$)

If h_2 is also light, it can be produced in e^+e^- collisions in the same way as the SM-like Higgs boson; invisible decays dominate.

We consider Vector-fermion dark matter model (VFDM) [[arXiv:1710.01853](https://arxiv.org/abs/1710.01853)]

Interpretation

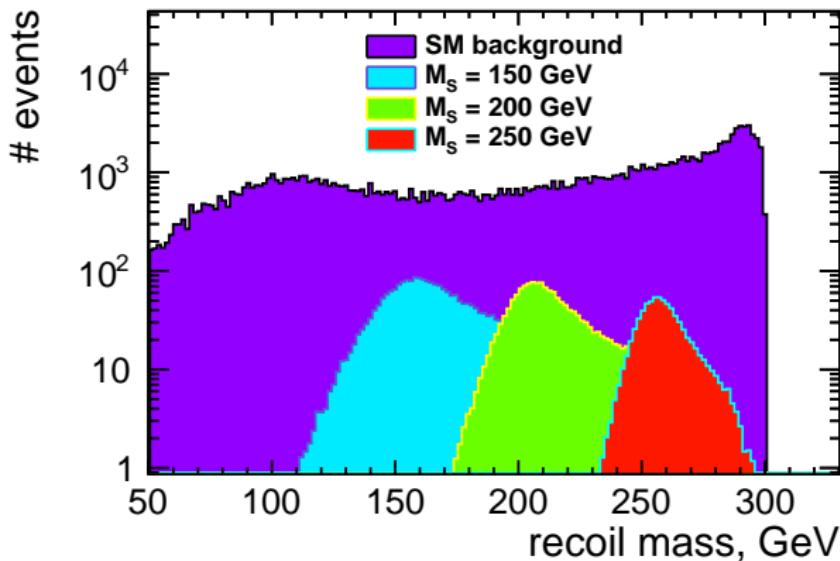
Limit on the invisible decays of the 125 GeV Higgs boson (h_1) can be interpreted in terms of the VFDM mixing angle limits.



Based on WHIZARD calculations assuming $g_X = 1$.

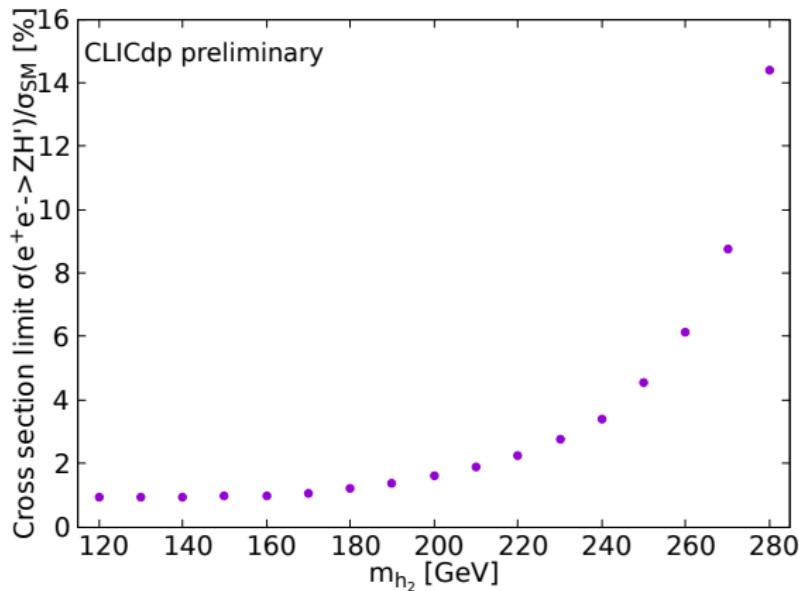
Limits on new scalar production

Same approach can be used to search for production of h_2 state
in the process $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z h_2 \rightarrow qq + inv$



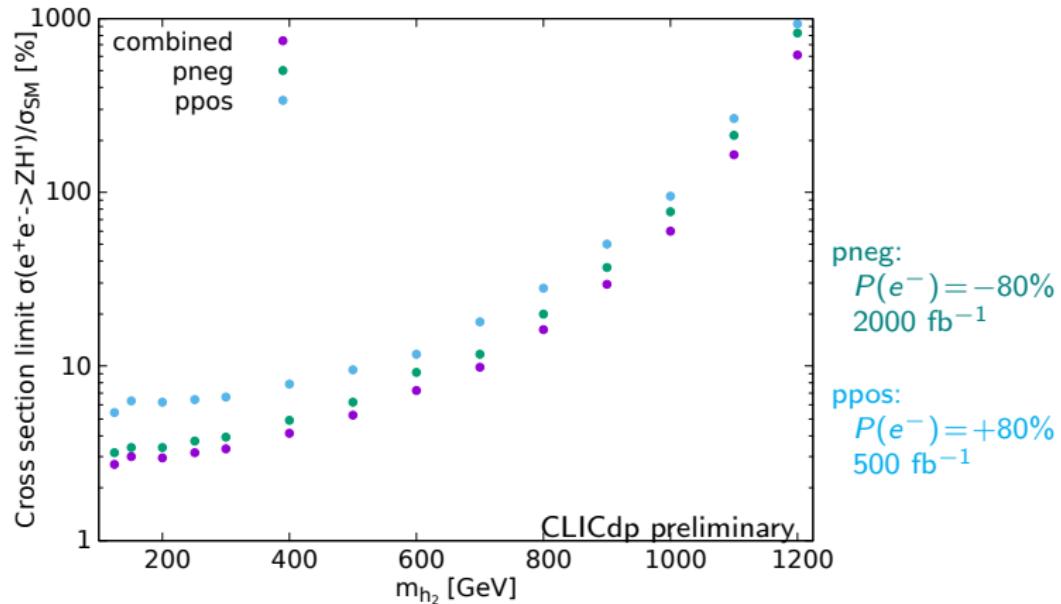
Limits on new scalar production

Expected limits on the h_2 production cross section, relative to SM,
for 1000 fb^{-1} at 380 GeV assuming $\text{BR}(h_2 \rightarrow \text{inv}) \approx 100\%$



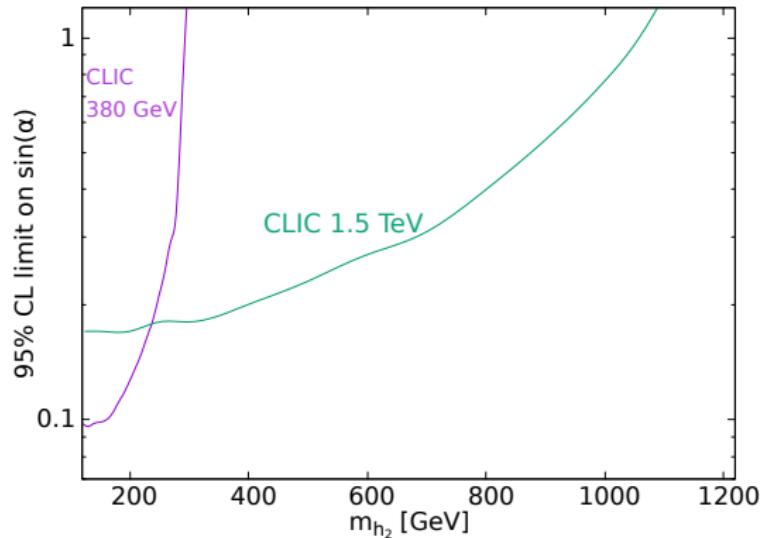
Limits on new scalar production

Expected limits on the h_2 production cross section, relative to SM,
for 2500 fb^{-1} at 1500 GeV assuming $\text{BR}(h_2 \rightarrow \text{inv}) \approx 100\%$



The VFDM model

Expected limits on the production cross section can be translated within the VFDM model into limits on the mixing angle α .



Conclusions

- ① Search for invisible Higgs boson decays based on the WHIZARD event generation and fast simulation with DELPHES.
- ② CLIC running at 380 GeV can constrain the invisible decays of the SM Higgs boson to below 1%.
- ③ Results consistent with the previous study based on full simulation.
- ④ The study can be extended to search for extra scalars at CLIC operating at 380 GeV and 1.5 TeV.
- ⑤ Cross section limits can be translated to the limits on new physics model parameters.

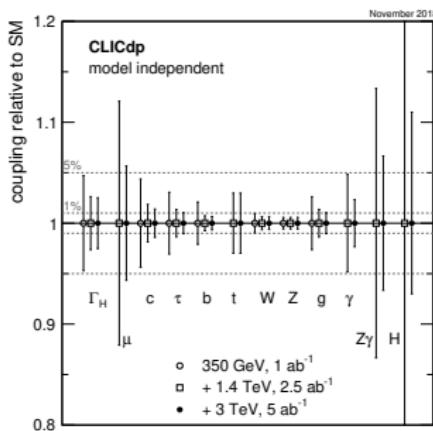
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-  M. A. Thomson.
Model-independent measurement of the $e^+e^- \rightarrow HZ$ cross section at a future e^+e^- -linear collider using hadronic Z decays.
The European Physical Journal C, 76(2):72, 2016.

BACKUP

Results of the model-independent fit to Higgs boson measurement at CLIC.

Parameter	Relative precision		
	350 GeV 1 ab ⁻¹	+ 1.4 TeV + 2.5 ab ⁻¹	+ 3 TeV + 5 ab ⁻¹
g_{HZZ}	0.6 %	0.6 %	0.6 %
g_{HWW}	1.0 %	0.6 %	0.6 %
g_{Hbb}	2.1 %	0.7 %	0.7 %
g_{Hcc}	4.4 %	1.9 %	1.4 %
$g_{H\tau\tau}$	3.1 %	1.4 %	1.0 %
$g_{H\mu\mu}$	—	12.1 %	5.7 %
g_{Htt}	—	3.0 %	3.0 %
g_{Hgg}^\dagger	2.6 %	1.4 %	1.0 %
$g_{H\gamma\gamma}^\dagger$	—	4.8 %	2.3 %
$g_{HZ\gamma}^\dagger$	—	13.3 %	6.7 %
Γ_H	4.7 %	2.6 %	2.5 %

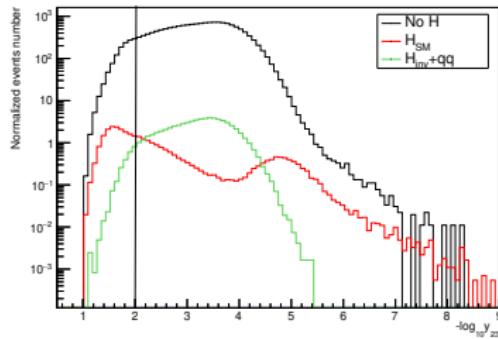


H. Abramowicz et al. Eur. Phys. J., C77(7):475, 2017.

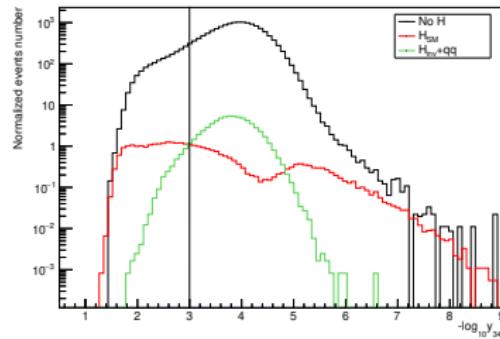
BACKUP

Preselection cuts on jet clustering results

2–3 separation ($-\log_{10} y_{23}$)



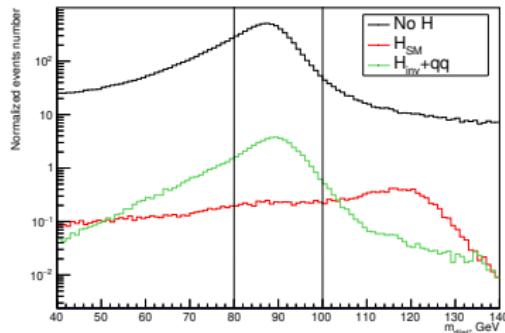
3–4 separation ($-\log_{10} y_{34}$)



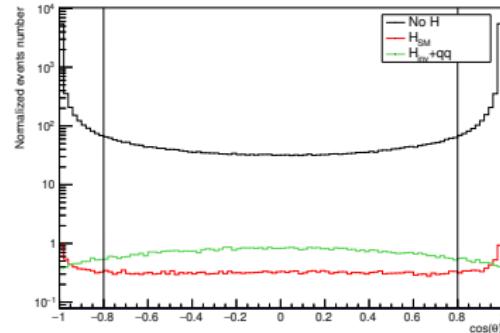
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Preselection cuts on di-jet final state (Z boson)

Di-jet invariant mass

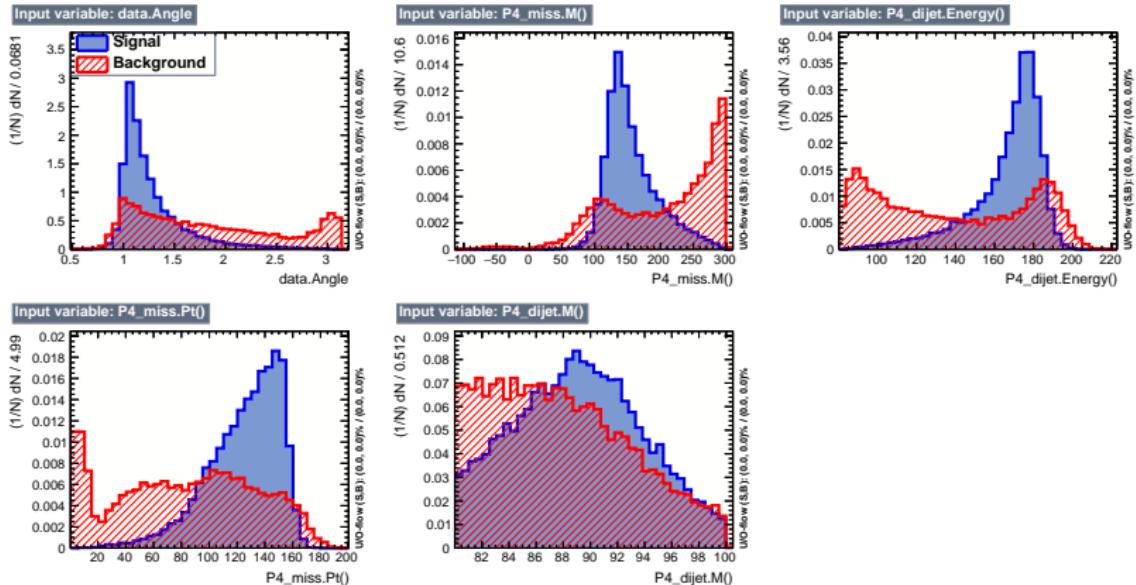


Di-jet emission angle



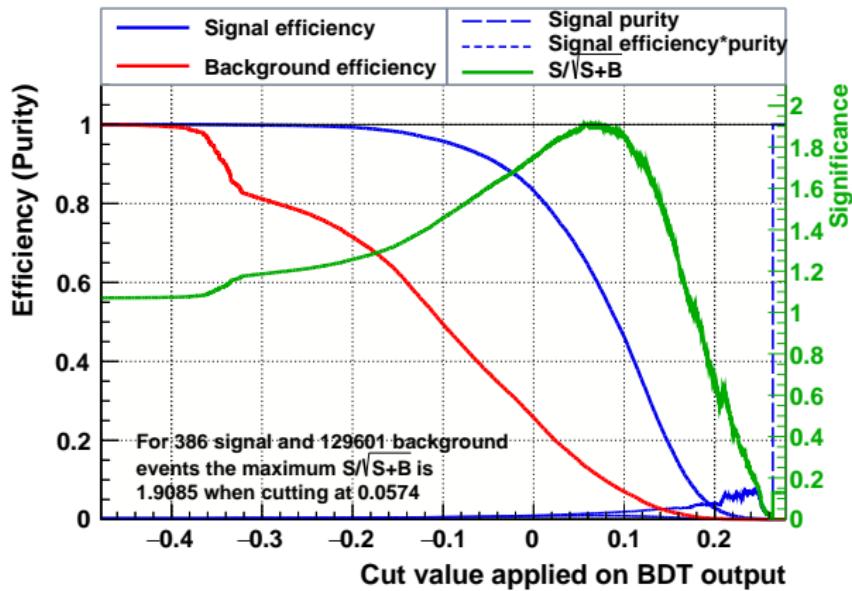
BACKUP

Input variables for multivariate analysis, for invisible decays of 125 GeV Higgs



BACKUP

Signal significance as a function of the BDT cut
assuming $\text{BR}(\text{H} \rightarrow \text{inv}) = 1\%$



BACKUP

Final state	Efficiency	N_{pre}
Background		
$qq\nu\nu$	23,00%	72135
$qql\nu$	0,68%	37588
qq	0,087%	19234
$qqll$	0,043%	593
$qqqq$	0,0010%	51
In total:	0,37%	129601
SM Higgs decays		
$H_{SM} + \nu\nu$	4,60%	2515
$H_{SM} + ll$	0,017%	3
$H_{SM} + qq$	0,0057%	47
In total:	1,70%	2565
Invisible Higgs boson decays		
$H_{inv} + qq$	47,00%	38557